

## DFS Implementation

Pseudocode:

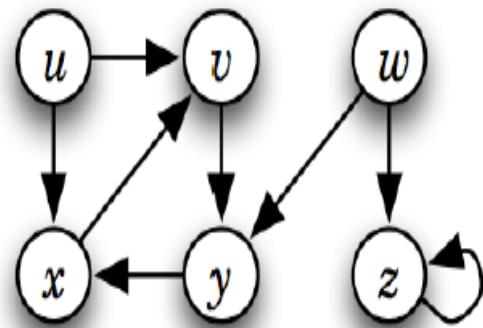
### Application of DFS

$\text{DFS}(G) \triangleright G = (V, E)$

```
1 for each vertex  $u \in V[G]$ 
2     do  $\text{color}[u] \leftarrow \text{WHITE}$ 
3          $\pi[u] \leftarrow \text{NIL}$ 
4      $time \leftarrow 0$ 
5 for each vertex  $u \in V[G]$ 
6     do if  $\text{color}[u] = \text{WHITE}$ 
7         then  $\text{DFS-VISIT}(G, u)$ 
```

$\text{DFS-VISIT}(G, u)$

```
1  $\text{color}[u] \leftarrow \text{GRAY}$ 
2  $time \leftarrow time + 1$ 
3  $d[u] \leftarrow time$ 
4 for each vertex  $v \in Adj[u]$ 
5     do if  $\text{color}[v] = \text{WHITE}$ 
6         then  $\pi[v] \leftarrow u$ 
7              $\text{DFS-VISIT}(G, v)$ 
8  $\text{color}[u] \leftarrow \text{BLACK}$ 
9  $f[u] \leftarrow time + 1$ 
```



1, Apply DFS on a graph that you will take as a matrix.

(The template of the code is given below)

```
import java.util.Scanner;  
public class DFS{  
  
    public static int time;  
    public static int[] color;  
    public static int[] parent;  
    public static int[] d; //starting time  
    public static int[] f; //finishing time  
  
    public static void main(String [] args){  
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);  
        int[][] graph = takeInputGraph(sc);  
  
        color = new int[graph.length];  
        parent = new int[graph.length];  
        d = new int[graph.length];  
        f = new int[graph.length];  
  
        System.out.println("Give input of the source node");  
        int s = sc.nextInt();  
        dfs(graph,s);  
    }  
}
```

```
public static int[][] takeInputGraph(Scanner sc){  
    System.out.println("Input the number of nodes in the graph");  
    int node = sc.nextInt();  
    System.out.println("Input the number of edges in the graph");  
    int edge = sc.nextInt();  
    int[][] mat = new int[node][node];  
    for(int c=0; c<edge; c++){  
        System.out.println("Enter the first node of the "+(c+1)+"th edge");  
        int node1 = sc.nextInt();  
        System.out.println("Enter the second node of the "+(c+1)+"th edge");  
        int node2 = sc.nextInt();  
        mat[node1][node2] = 1;  
    }  
    return mat;  
}
```

```
public static void dfs(int[][] g, int s){  
    time = 0;  
    dfs_visit(g,s); //Running DFS from the source node  
  
    //Checking if any nodes are still unvisited after running DFS once  
    for(int c = 0; c<g.length; c++){  
        if(color[c] == 0){  
            dfs_visit(g,c);
```

```
    }  
}  
}  
  
public static void dfs_visit(int[][] g, int u){  
    //DO IT YOURSELF  
}  
}
```