



## **Department of Computing and Information System**

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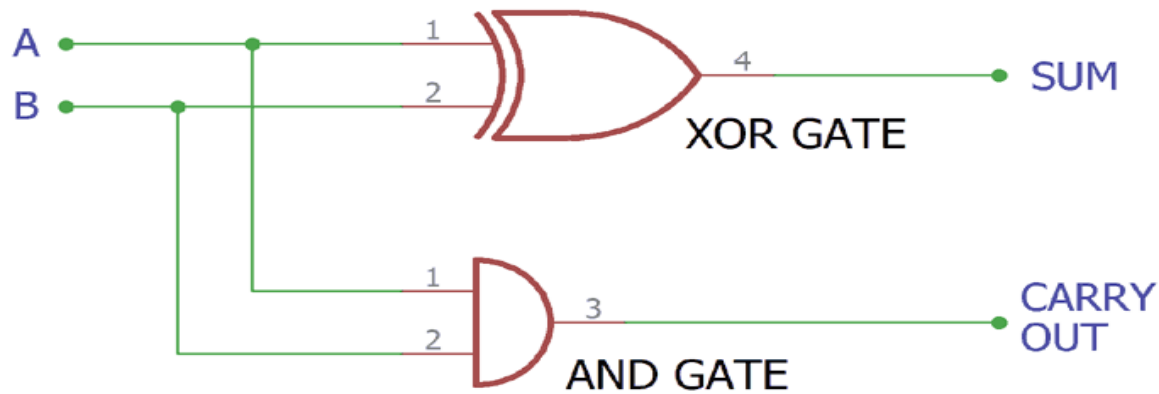
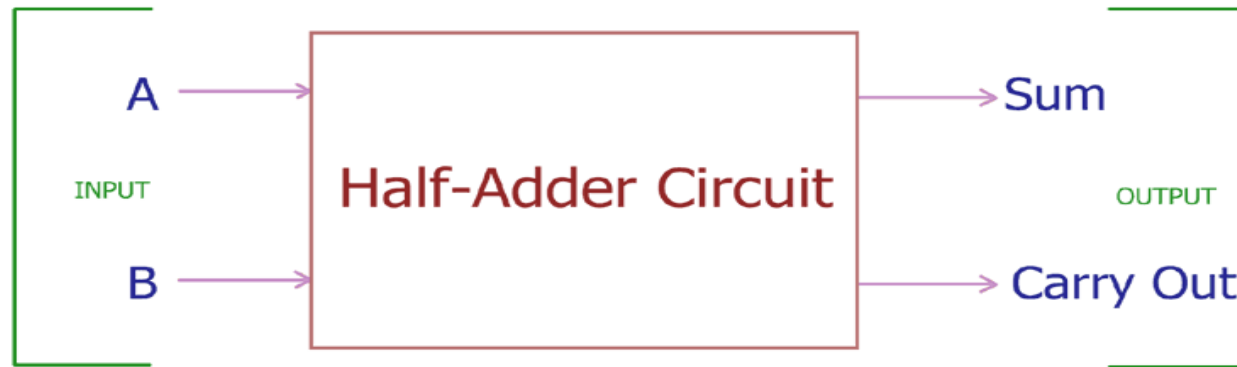
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# Sequential And Combinational ALU

# TYPES OF DIGITAL LOGIC CIRCUITS IN ALU

- COMBINATIONAL CIRCUITS
- SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS

# BLOCK DIAGRAM OF A COMBINATIONAL CIRCUIT



# Half-Adder & Full-Adder

## ○ Half-Adder :

- A half-adder is a combinational circuit that performs the addition of two bits.

## ○ Full Adder :

- This type of adder is a little more difficult to implement than a half-adder.
- The main difference between a half-adder and a full-adder is that the full-adder has three inputs and two outputs.

x	y	z	S	C
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1 ✓	0
0	1	0	1 ✓	0
0	1	1	0	1
1	0	0	1 ✓	0
1	0	1	0	1
1	1	0	0	1
1	1	1	0	1

$$\begin{aligned}
 S &= x'y'z + x'yz' + xy'z' + xyz \\
 &= x'(y'z + yz') + x(y'z' + yz) \\
 &= x'(y \oplus z) + x(y \oplus z)'
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= x'A + xA'$$

$$= x \oplus A$$

$$= x \oplus (y \oplus z)$$

$$A = y(+)z$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 C &= x'yz + xy'z + xyz' + xyz \\
 &= z(x'y + xy') + xy(z' + z) \\
 &= z(x(+)y) + xy \\
 &= z(x \oplus y) + xy
 \end{aligned}$$

CircuitMaker - [UNTITLED.CKT\* 100%]

File Edit View Options Macros Simulation Wave Help



Digital

Options

Step Size 1

Units

☐ Cycles ☒ Ticks

X Magnification 8

Speed 30

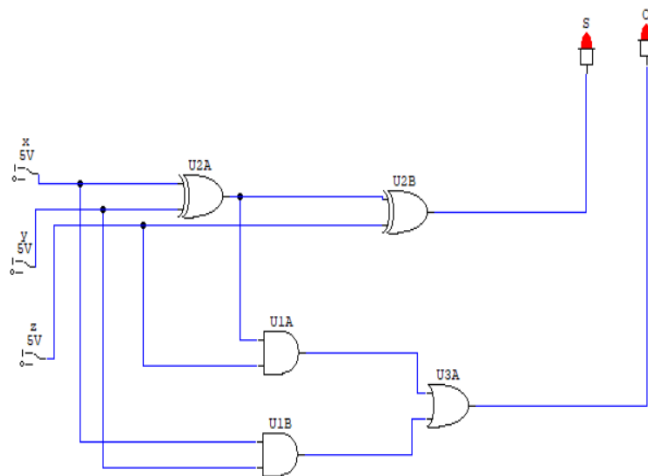
Breakpoint

Type

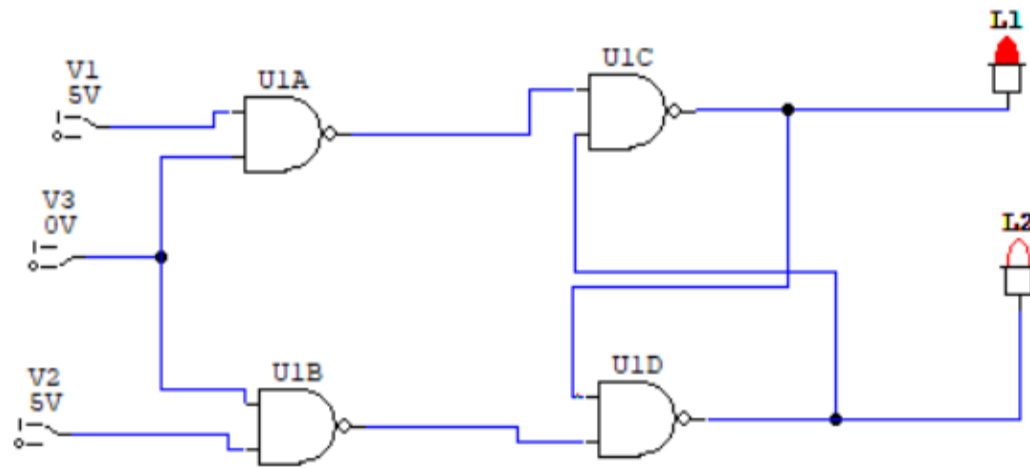
☒ Level ☐ Edge

Condition

☒ And ☐ Or



# BLOCK DIAGRAM OF A SEQUENTIAL CIRCUIT





# Thanks to All