Introduction to Business

Topic 2: Business Environment

Lecture 1: Economy and PESTLE Analysis

Learning Objectives

- What is:
 - Business Environment
 - Micro and Macro Environments
 - PESTLE analysis



What is 'Business Environment'

- The business environment is anything which surrounds the business organisation, such as culture, laws etc.
- The Business environment influences the decisions, strategies, processes and performance of the business.

'Micro' and 'Macro' Environments

- Business environment influences can be divided into:
 - Internal influences the '*Micro*' environment
 - External influences the '*Macro*' environment

The 'Micro' Environment

 Consists of different types of stakeholders – customers, employees, suppliers, etc.



Micro Environment – 1

 As already discussed in topic 1, the different views of the stakeholders will directly affect the business's activities.

Micro Environment – 2

- For example, a lot of customers now want healthier options from takeaways.
- Therefore, McDonalds have introduced salads and healthier sandwiches to their menu.



The 'Macro' Environment – 1

- Consists of external influences which are beyond the control of the business – Social, legal, environmental, political, etc.
- Changes in the 'macro' environment will indirectly affect the business.

The 'Macro' Environment – 2

 For example, a change in national legislation such as a smoking ban indirectly affects pubs and restaurants



External Factors or Influences - 1

A business does not function in a vacuum. It has to act and react to what happens outside the factory and office walls.



+ many more

External Factors or Influences - 2

- Those factors that happen outside the business are known as *external factors* or *external influences*.
- These will affect the main internal functions of the business and possibly the objectives of the business and its strategies.

Introduction to PESTLE

The impact these external factors or influences have on a business can be analyzed using a tool called PESTLE analysis.

PESTLE

- Political
- Economical
- Social
- Technological
- Legal
- Environmental

External influences on a Business

Political Influences - 1

- What is happening politically in the environment in which the business operates
- This is important because failing to consider political issues can mean competitors take advantage of new opportunities and gain competitive advantage.

Political Influences - 2

- This includes areas such as:
 - tax policy
 - employment laws
 - environmental regulations
 - trade restrictions and reform
 - tariffs
 - political stability

Economic Influences – 1

- What is happening within the economy
- It is important to be aware of economic situations so the organisation can match its products and services to the economic climate.

Economic Influences – 2

This includes for example:

- economic growth/ decline
- interest rates
- exchange rates and inflation rate
- wage rates
- minimum wage
- working hours
- unemployment (local and national)
- credit availability
- cost of living

Sociological Influences - 1

- What is occurring socially in the markets in which the business operates or expects to operate effects business
- This is important because customers and their preferences change – organisations need to respond to these changes quickly.

Sociological Influences - 2

This includes such things as:

- cultural norms and expectations
- health consciousness
- population growth rate
- age distribution
- career attitudes
- emphasis on safety
- global warming

Class Exercise

- In groups:
 - Think about a local company and discuss what external influences might affect them
 - Consider Political, Environmental and Social issues

10 minutes

Technological Influences - 1

- New technologies are continually being developed and this impacts on the business products and/or services.
- The rapid pace of change in production processes and product innovation means that a business needs to respond quickly.

Technological Influences – 2

- For example, things that were not possible five years ago are now mainstream:
 - mobile phone technology
 - web 2.0
 - Blogs
 - social networking websites

Legal Influences - 1

- What is happening with changes to legislation
- Legal changes are happening on a daily basis, and as a result, can have a large influence on what is happening within the business environment.



Legal Influences – 2

- For example, this may impact.
 - employment
 - access to materials
 - quotas
 - resources
 - imports / exports
 - taxation



Environmental Influences - 1

- What is happening with respect to ecological and environmental aspects. Many of these factors will be economic or social in nature.
- All businesses have some impact on the environment.



Environmental Influences – 2

- For example:
 - Organisations emit pollution, produce waste and use resources for power
 - There is also pressure to become "greener" and more environmentally friendly from governments and social pressures from customers

Class Exercise

In groups:

 think about a local company and discuss what external influences might affect them

 consider Technology, Legal and Environmental issues

10 minutes

Where can PESTLE be used?

• PESTLE analysis can be used for:

- business and strategic planning
- marketing planning
- organisational change
- business and product development
- research reports
- It can also be used from a departmental or individual perspective to look at what you deliver to whom and how you do it.

Effectiveness of PESTLE

- To be effective a PESTLE needs to be undertaken on a regular basis
- Organisations that do analyses regularly and systematically often spot trends before others thus providing competitive advantage.

Conclusions

- The micro environment is concerned with internal aspects of the organisation, whereas the macro environment is concerned with external factors.
- Organisations need to consider all the six elements of PESTLE as each of these puts pressures on the organisation.
- Failure to adapt to changes in the environment potentially results in losing advantage, losing customers & ultimately the failure of the business.